

New nanoparticles of NiFe₂O₄@SiO₂ based tungstate interphase: a highly efficient and selective catalyst for the oxidation of sulfides to sulfoxides

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Experimental

General

The chemical compounds including FeCl₃.6H₂O, Si(OEt)₄, FeCl₂.4H₂O, and organic material were purchased from Merck and Aldrich company. The following instruments were used for the catalyst characterization and organic materials analysis: The X-ray diffraction pattern (XRD) was recorded by X-ray diffractometer (Philips, D5000, Cu-K α irradiation). The Field emission-scanning electron microscopy (FE-SEM) were obtained by Hitachi S-4160. TGA-DTA analysis was carried out by TA (Q600) instrument. The FT-IR spectra were recorded as KBr disks using Thermo (AVATAR) instrument. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance DPX 400 MHz spectrometer in CDCl₃ as solvent relative to TMS (0.00 ppm).

Preparation of NiFe₂O₄

NiCl₂.6H₂O (0.02 mol) and FeCl₃.6H₂O (0.04 mol) were dissolved in 100 ml deionized water in a 250-ml beaker under a magnetic stirring. The dilute solution of NH₄OH was added to the mixture dropwise until the mixture get PH=10. The obtained solid was washed with deionized water two times and then was calcined at 700 °C.

Preparation of NiFe₂O₄@SiO₂

NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles (3 g) were dispersed in 150 ml ethanol and then tetraethyl orthosilicate

(7 ml) was added and mixed for 1h under mechanical stirring. Then, the PH for solution was adjusted to 8.5 by using NH_4OH (20% solution in water) and stirred at room temperature for 48 h. At the end, the magnetic solid ($\text{NiFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2$) was separated by a magnet and washed thoroughly with water and dried at 100 °C in the air atmosphere.

Preparation of $\text{NiFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2@\text{WO}_4^{2-}$

To functionalize the solid support, $\text{NiFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2$ (5 g) and N-(2-aminoethyl)-N'- (3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (2.5 mmol) were mixed together in a 250 ml balloon equipped with a condenser and refluxed for 24h. The obtained solid was separated and washed with toluene and dried at 70 °C. In the next step, the functionalized $\text{NiFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2$ (5g) was disperse in 100 ml CH_3Cl and then drop by drop mixed with trifluorosulfulnic acid and stirred for 10 h. Afterward, the solvent of the product was evaporated and the obtained solid was washed with deionized water and combined with sodium tungstate (10 M, 50 ml). At the end, the resulted solid was separated and washed with ethanol and dried.

Measuring acidity using BaWO_4 test

The prepared catalyst (1g) was dispersed in 100 ml deionized water and mixed with barium chloride (1M). The sample was placed at room temperature for precipitation of BaWO_4 . After completion of precipitation, the collected solid was precisely measured and used for estimating the quantity of tungstate. The value of tungstate for the catalyst was 1.14 mmol/g. According to this, the capacity of positive hydrogen ion (H^+) in the sample was measured 2.28 mmol H^+ /g.

The general procedure for oxidation

The prepared catalyst (0.025 g) was added to the mixture of sulfide (2 mmol) and H_2O_2 (30%, 6 eq) in 10 ml ethanol and mixed together by mechanical stirring at room temperature until the

completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC). After the reaction progress finished, the catalyst was separated by an external magnetic. Then, the solvent under reduced pressure was removed and the products were purified by silica gel column chromatography.

Spectral data

Methyl phenyl sulfoxide (a₁): white solid; ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 2.72 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.44-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H).

(4-Methoxyphenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₂): ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.75 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.83 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H) ppm

Benzyl phenyl sulfoxide (a₃): white solid; m.p.: 127-129 °C, ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 4.03 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.50 (m, 7H).

Benzyl p-tolyl sulfoxide (a₄): white solid; m.p.: 139-141 °C; ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 2.41 (s, 3H), 3.96 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.40 (m, 7H).

4-methoxybenzyl p-tolyl sulfoxide (a₅): white solid; m.p.:123-125 °C; ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 2.38 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.92 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (t, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H).

Benzyl 2-methoxyphenyl sulfoxide (a₆): Oil; ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H).

Benzyl 3-methoxyphenyl sulfoxide (a7): Oil; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 3.74$ (s, 3H), 3.97 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.11 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.88-7.33 (m, 7H), 7.45 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H).

Diphenyl sulfoxide (a8): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 7.44$ (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 4H), 7.48 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 4H) ppm

Dibenzo[b,d]thiophene 5-oxide (a9): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 7.49$ (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 8.0 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H) ppm

(4-Nitrophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a10): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 3.11$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 7.97 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 8.46 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H) ppm

(Ethyl)(phenyl) sulfoxide (a11): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 1.54$ (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 2.76 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.64 (m, 5H) ppm

Tetrahydrothiophene 1-oxide (a12): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 1.21$ -1.26 (m, 4H), 2.61-2.66 (m, 4H) ppm

1-(Propylsulfinyl)propane (a13): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 2.93$ (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 4H), 1.84-1.88 (m, 4H), 1.57 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 6H) ppm

(4-Chlorophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a14): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 2.79$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 7.67 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H) ppm

(2-Chloro-4-Nitrophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a15): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 3.15$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 8.25 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.40-8.42 (m, 2H) ppm

(2-Chlorophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a16): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 2.82$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 7.55-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H) ppm

(4-Bromophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a17): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.86$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 7.71 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H) ppm

2-(Methylsulfinyl)naphthalene (a18): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.83$ (s, 3H, CH_3), 7.19-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.83-7.93 (m, 3H) ppm.

Tetrahydro-2H-thiopyran 1-oxide (a19): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.58$ -1.69 (m, 4H), 2.09-2.15 (m, 2H), 2.79-2.94 (m, 4H) ppm.

(Benzylsulfinyl)benzene (a20): $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 4.03$ (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.47 (m, 8H) ppm

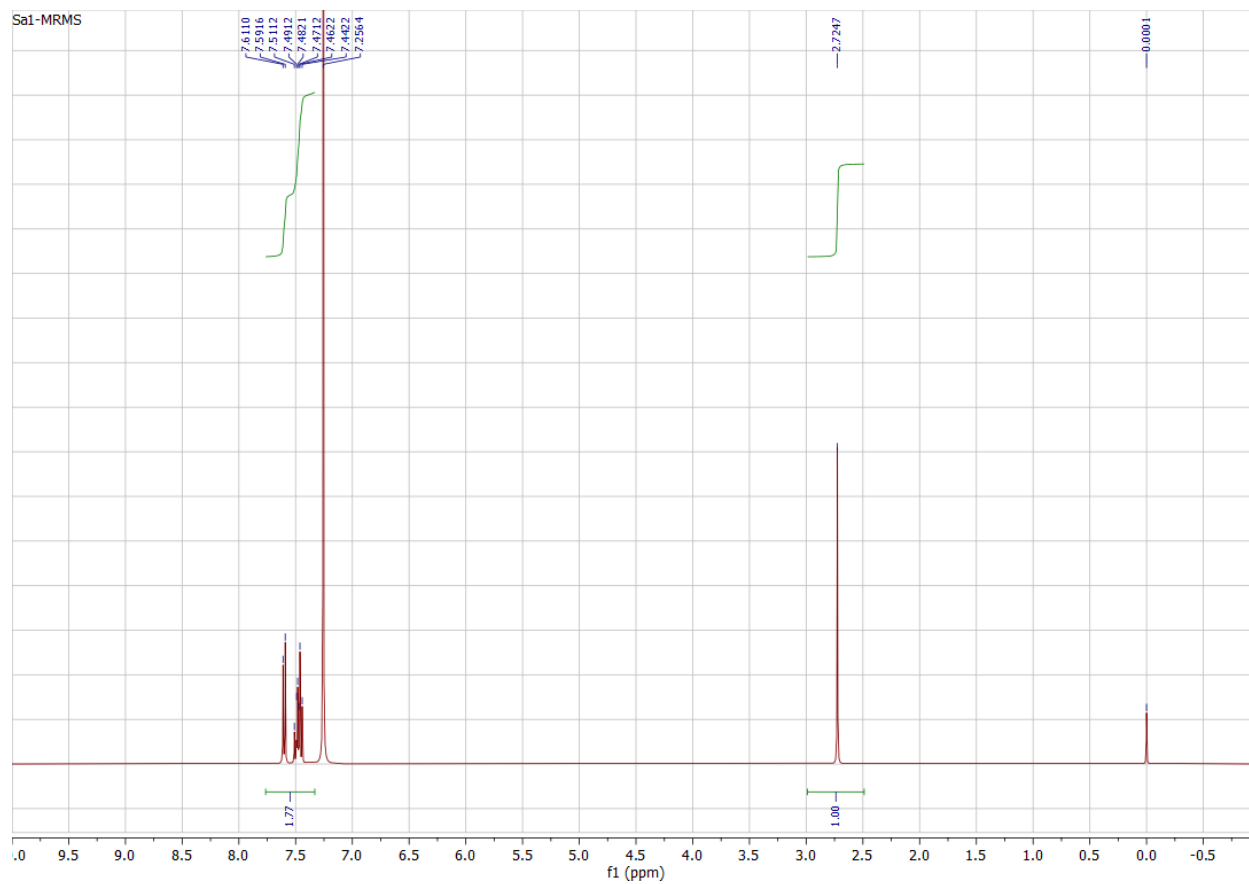


Figure S1: ^1H -NMR spectrum of methyl phenyl sulfoxide (a_1)

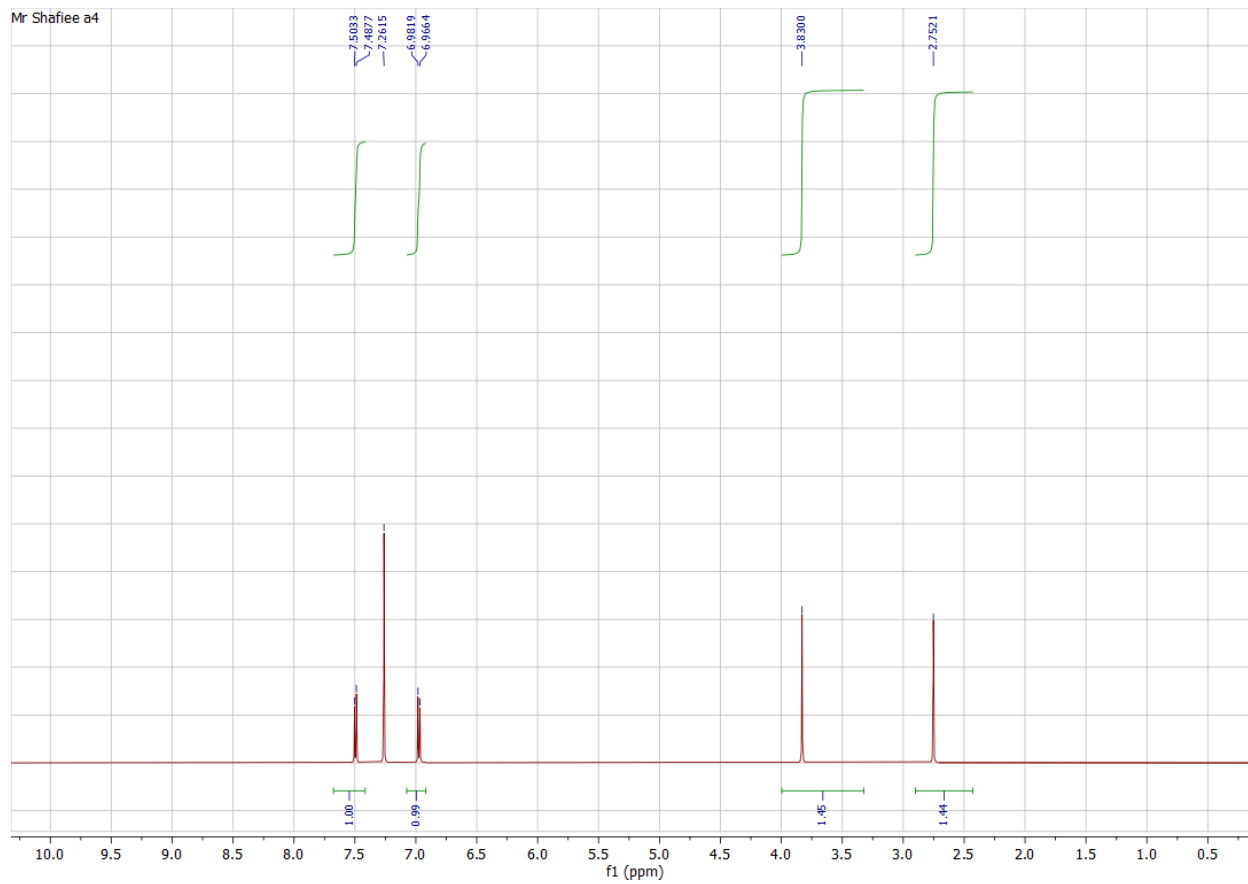


Figure S2: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of (4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a_2)

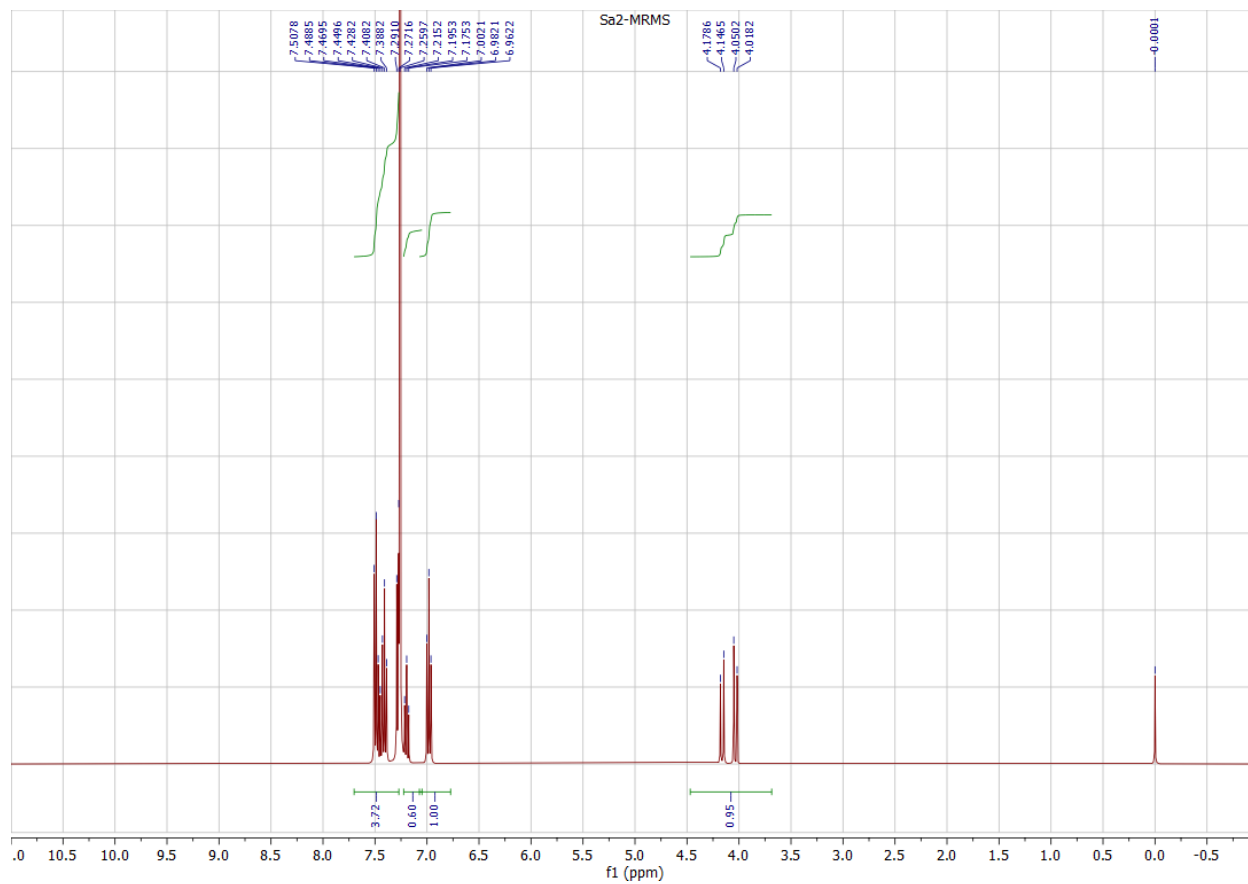


Figure S3: ¹H-NMR spectrum of benzyl phenyl sulfoxide (a₃):

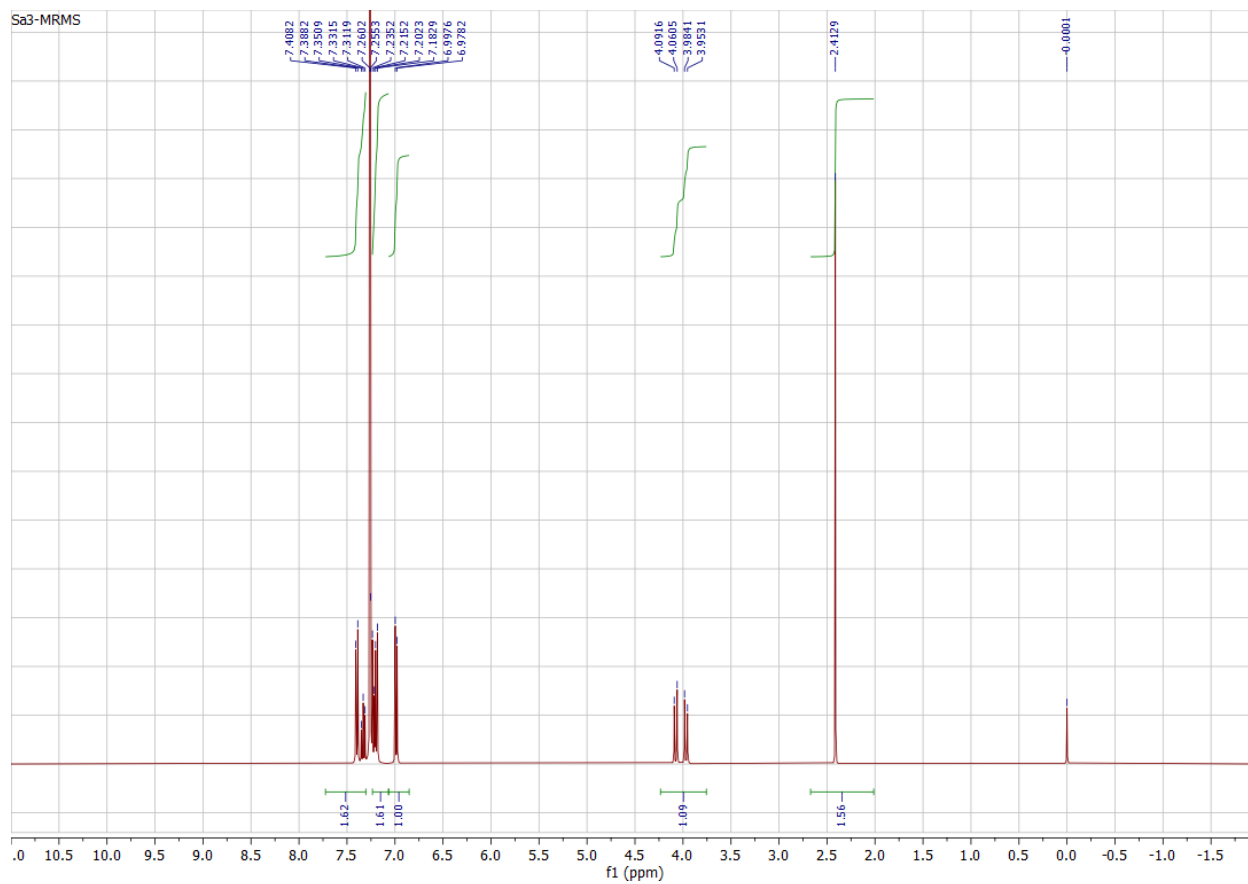


Figure S4: 1H-NMR spectrum of benzyl p-tolyl sulfoxide (a4)

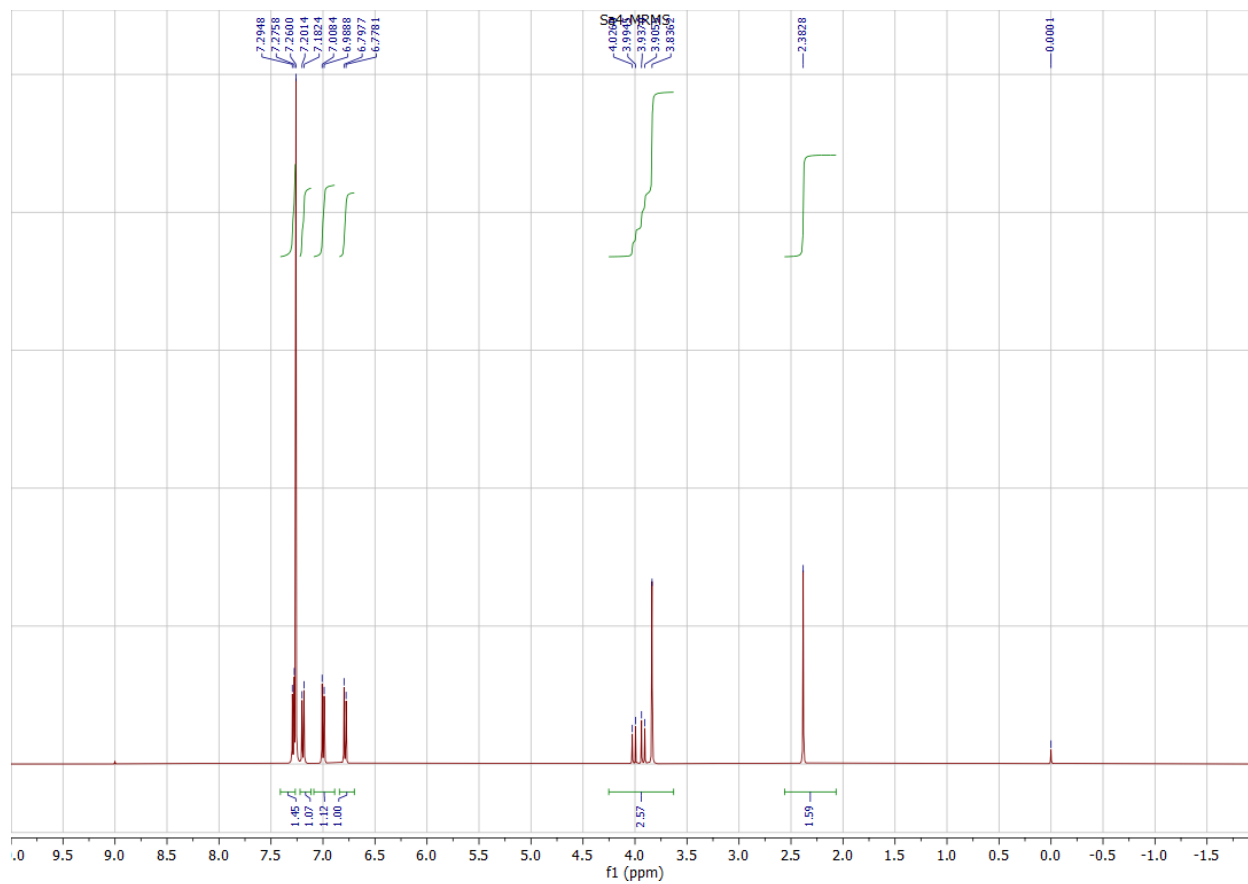


Figure S5: ¹H-NMR spectrum of 4-methoxybenzyl p-tolyl sulfoxide (a₅)

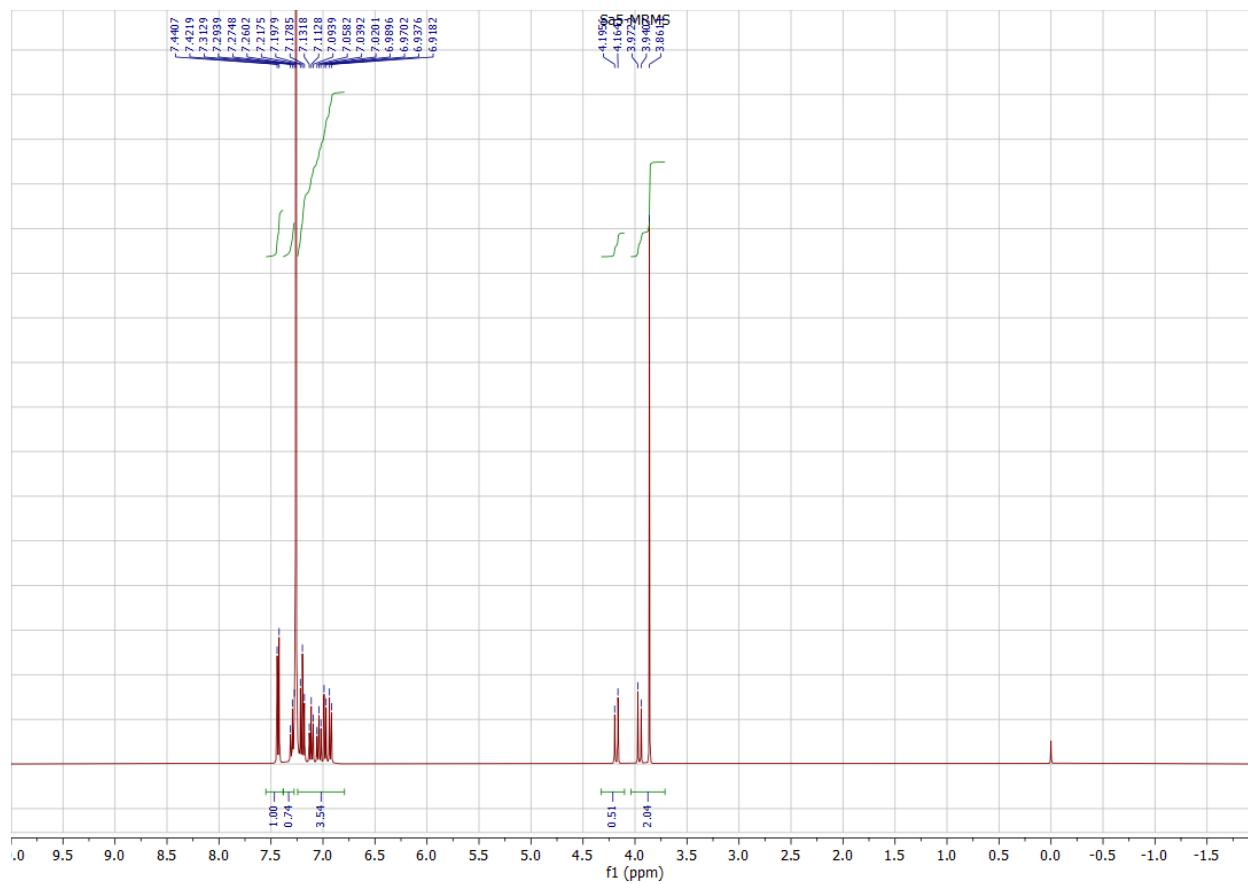


Figure S6: ¹H-NMR spectrum of benzyl 2-methoxyphenyl sulfoxide (a₆)

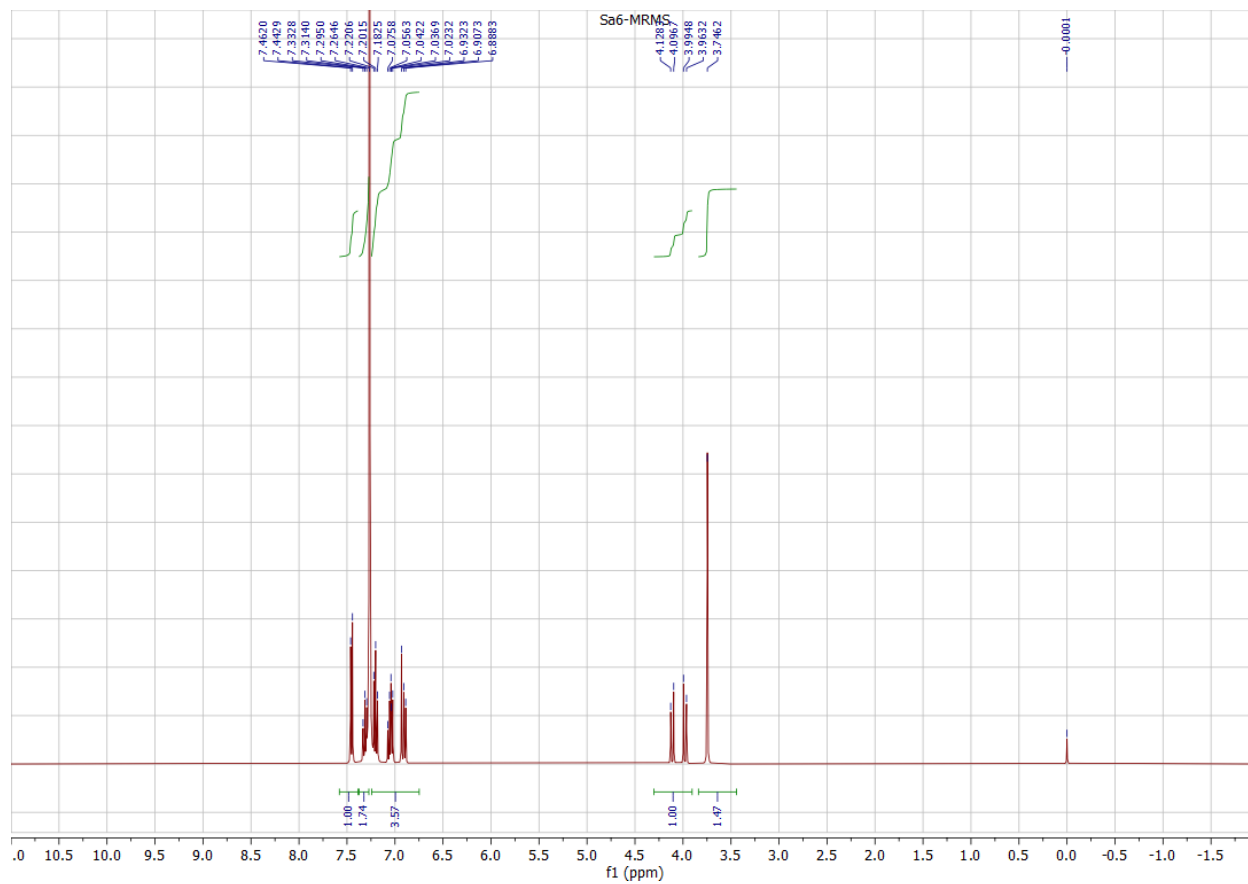


Figure S7: ¹H-NMR spectrum of benzyl 3-methoxyphenyl sulfoxide (a₇)

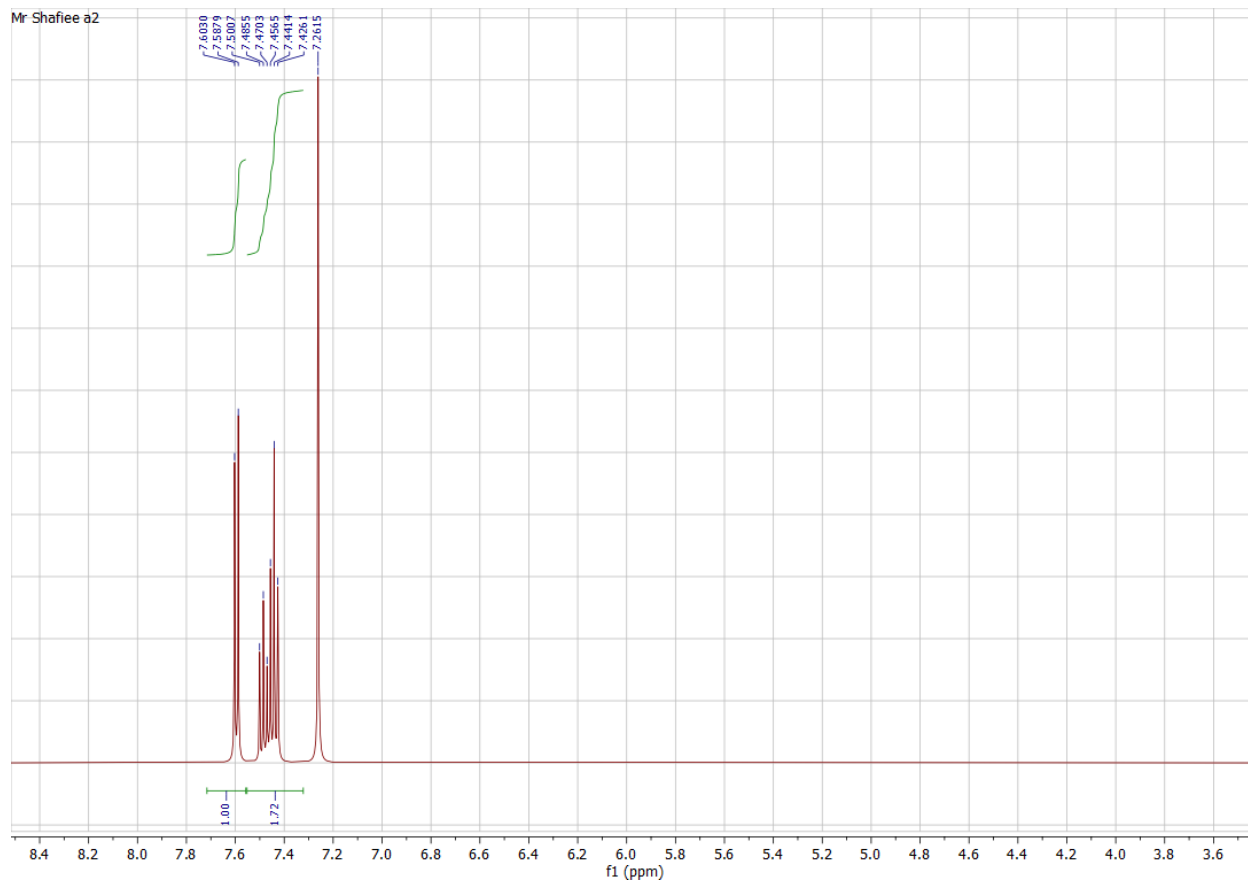


Figure S8: ¹H-NMR spectrum of diphenyl sulfoxide (a₈)

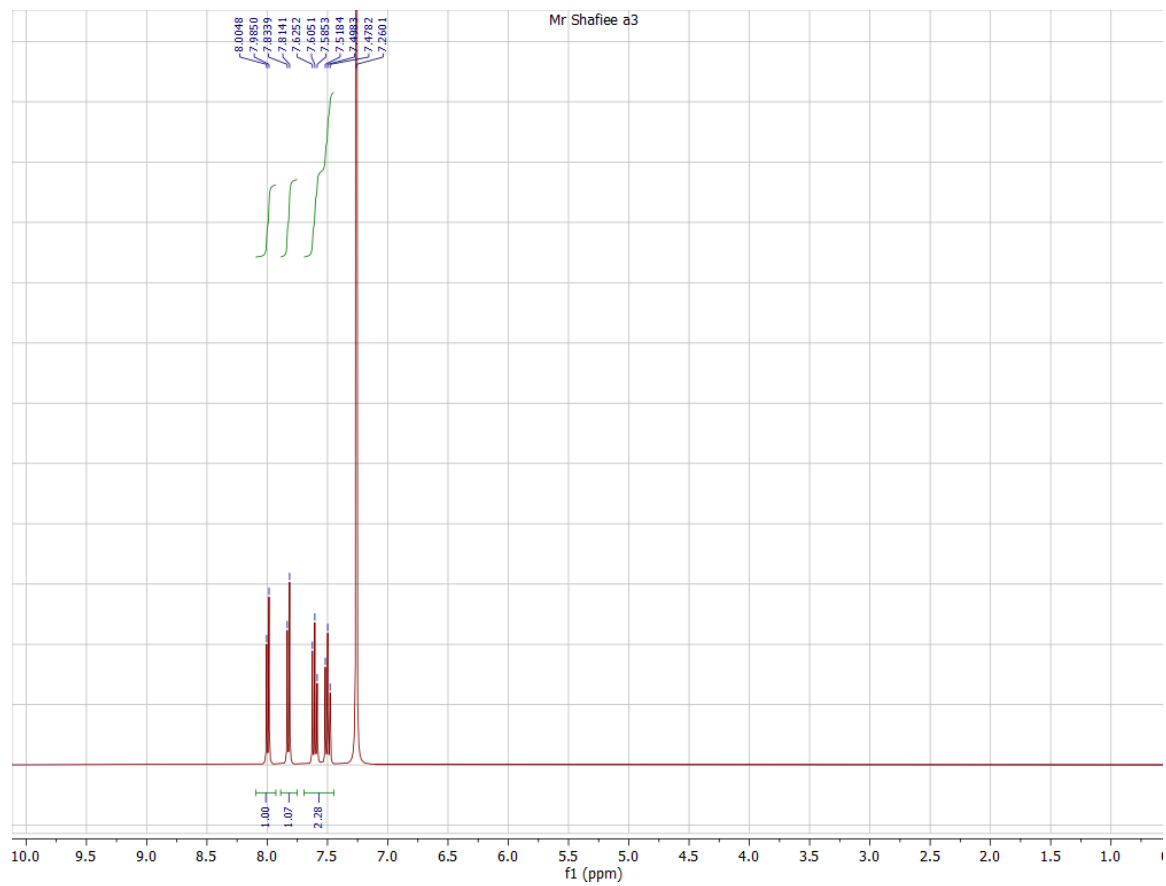


Figure S9: ¹H-NMR spectrum of dibenzo[b,d]thiophene 5-oxide (a₉)

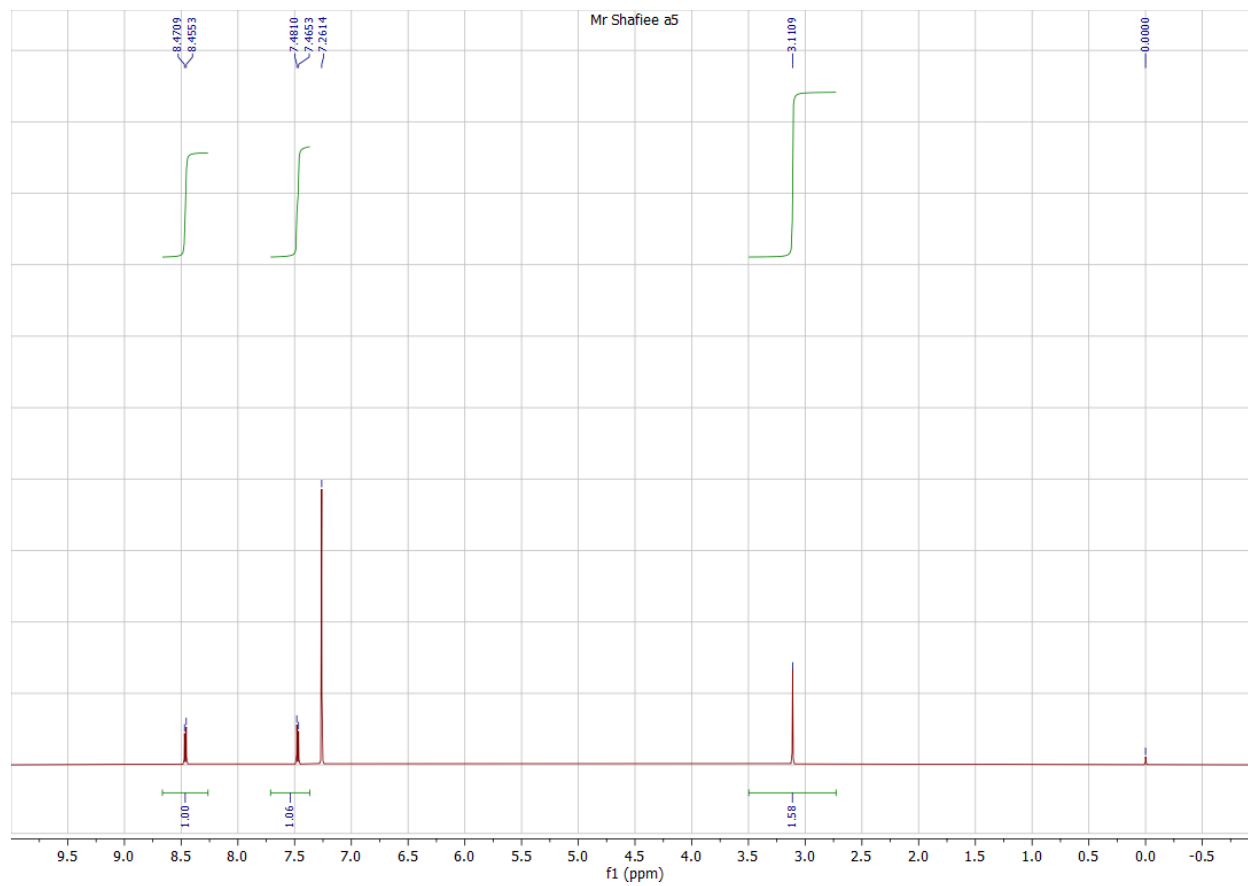


Figure S10: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of (4-Nitrophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₁₀)

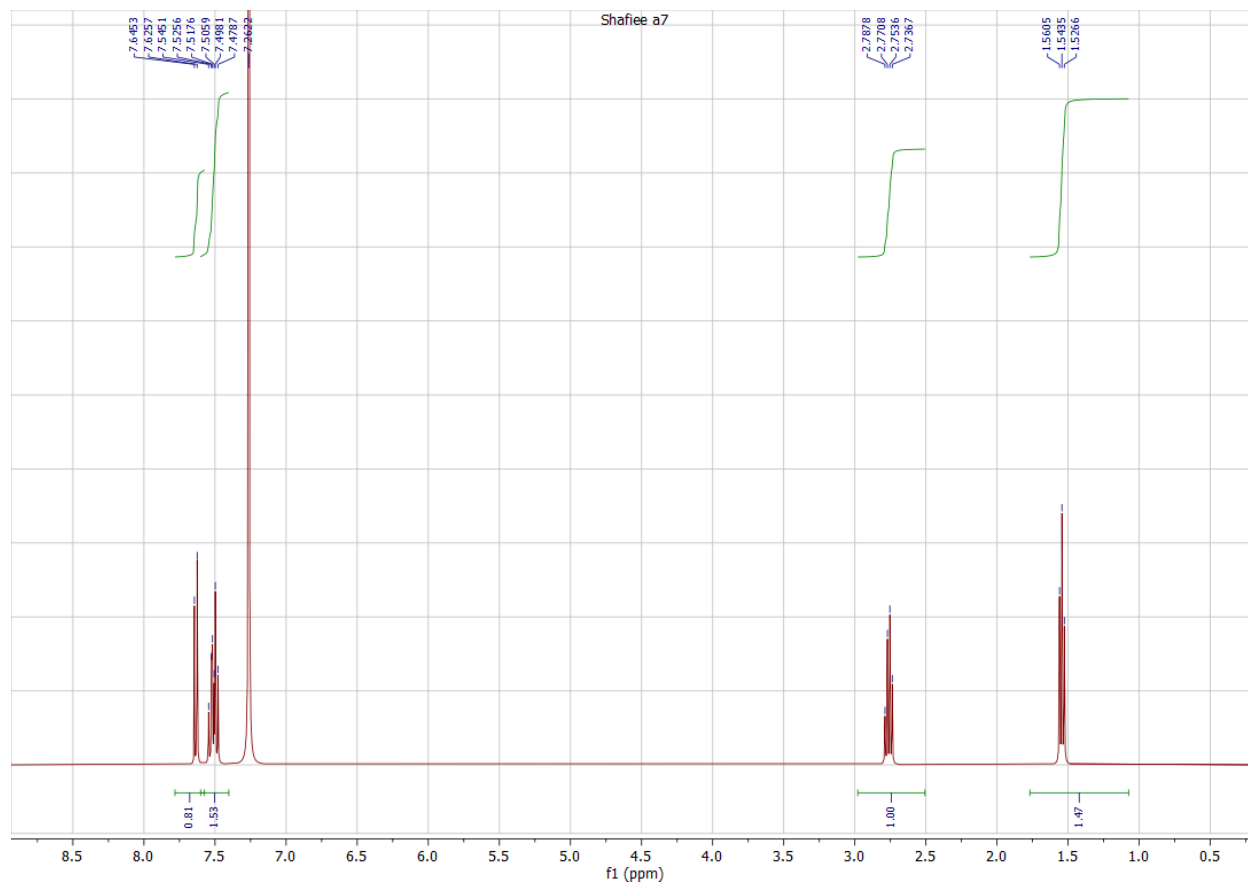


Figure S11: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (ethyl)phenyl sulfoxide (a₁₁)

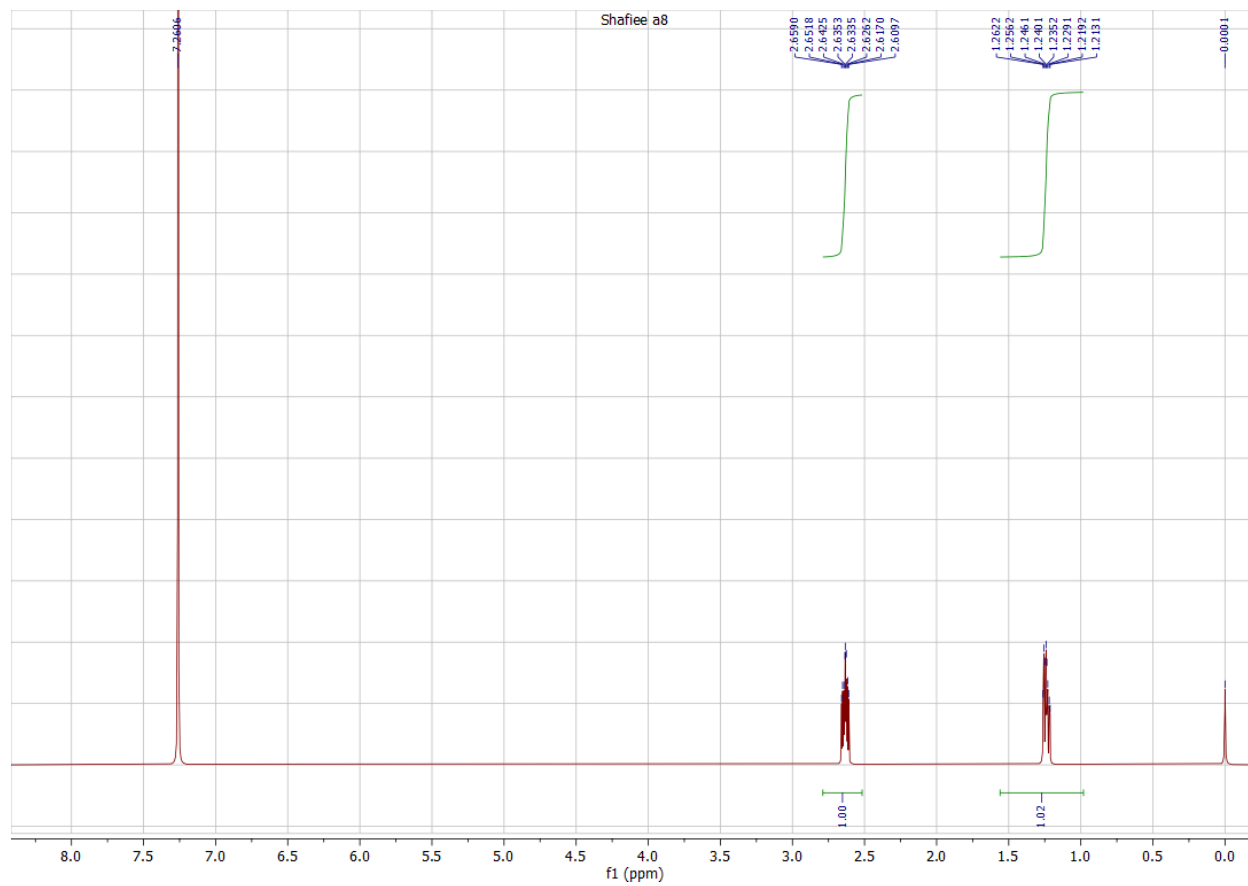


Figure S12: ¹H-NMR spectrum of tetrahydrothiophene 1-oxide (a₁₂)

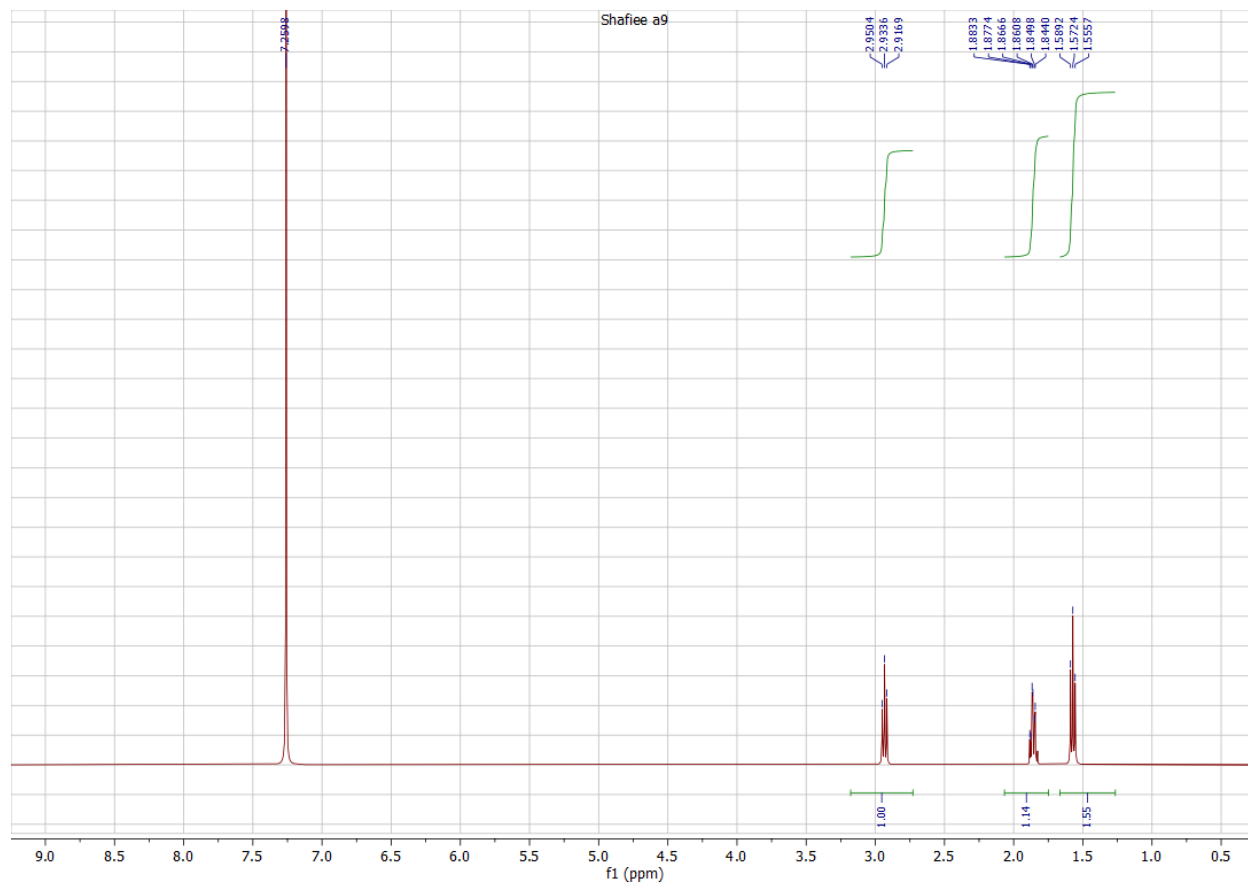


Figure S13: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of 1-(propylsulfinyl)propane (a₁₃)

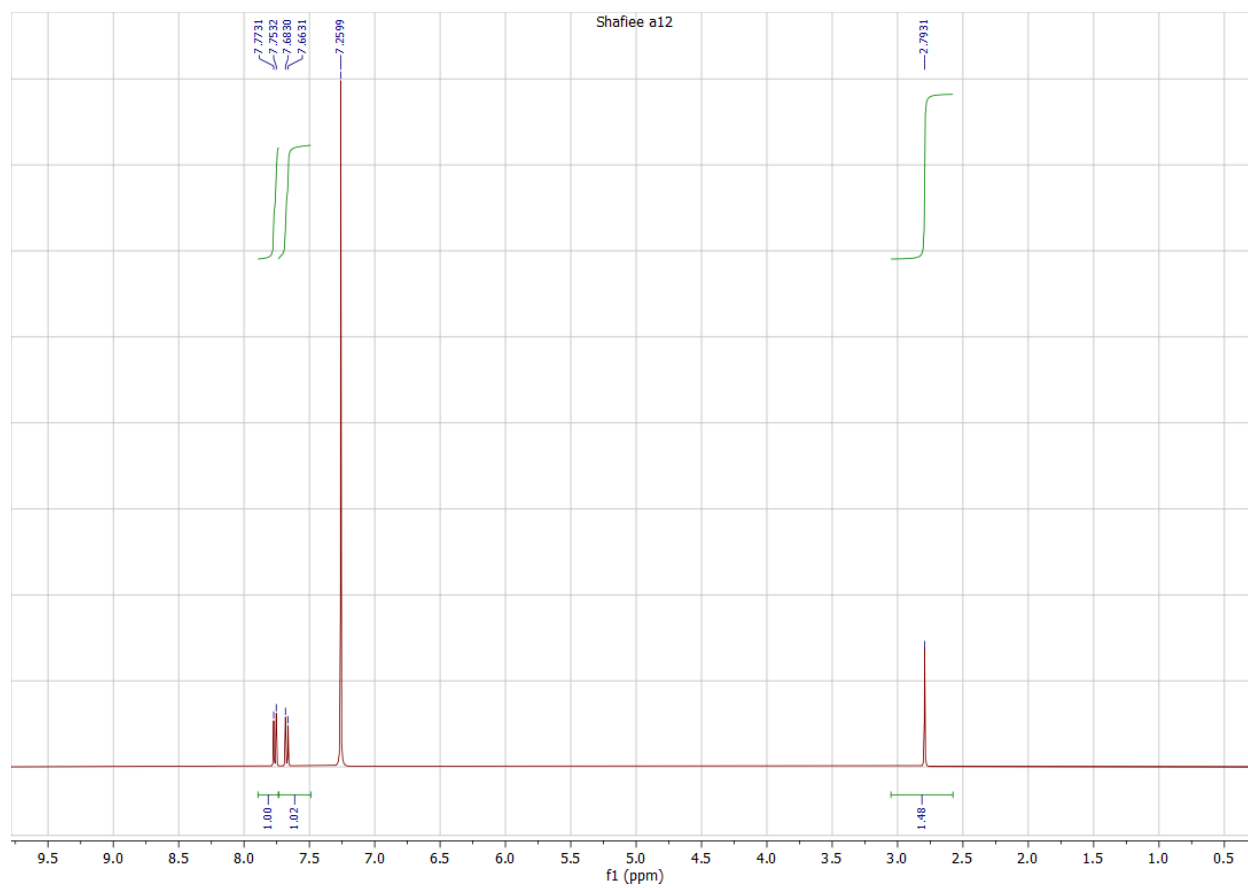


Figure S14: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (4-Chlorophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₁₄)

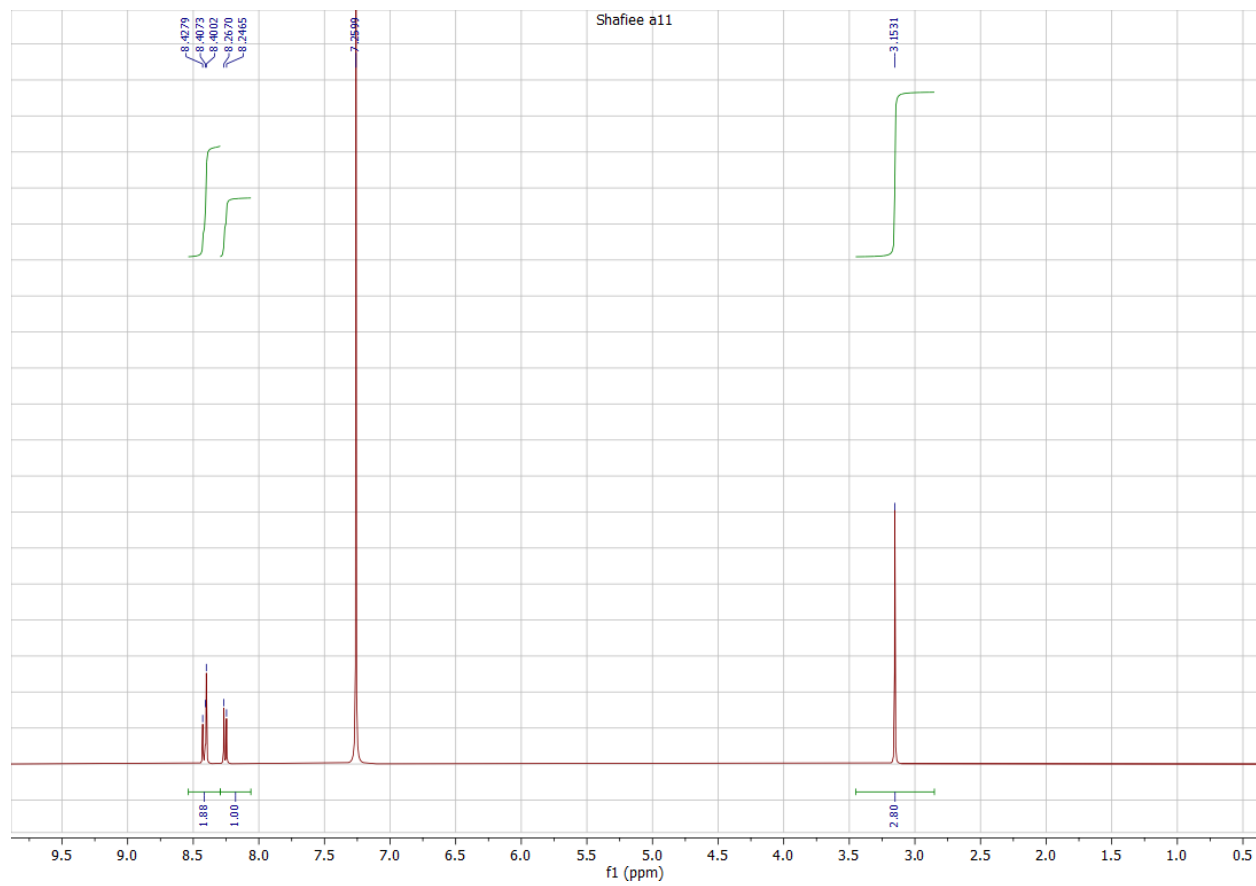


Figure S15: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₁₅)

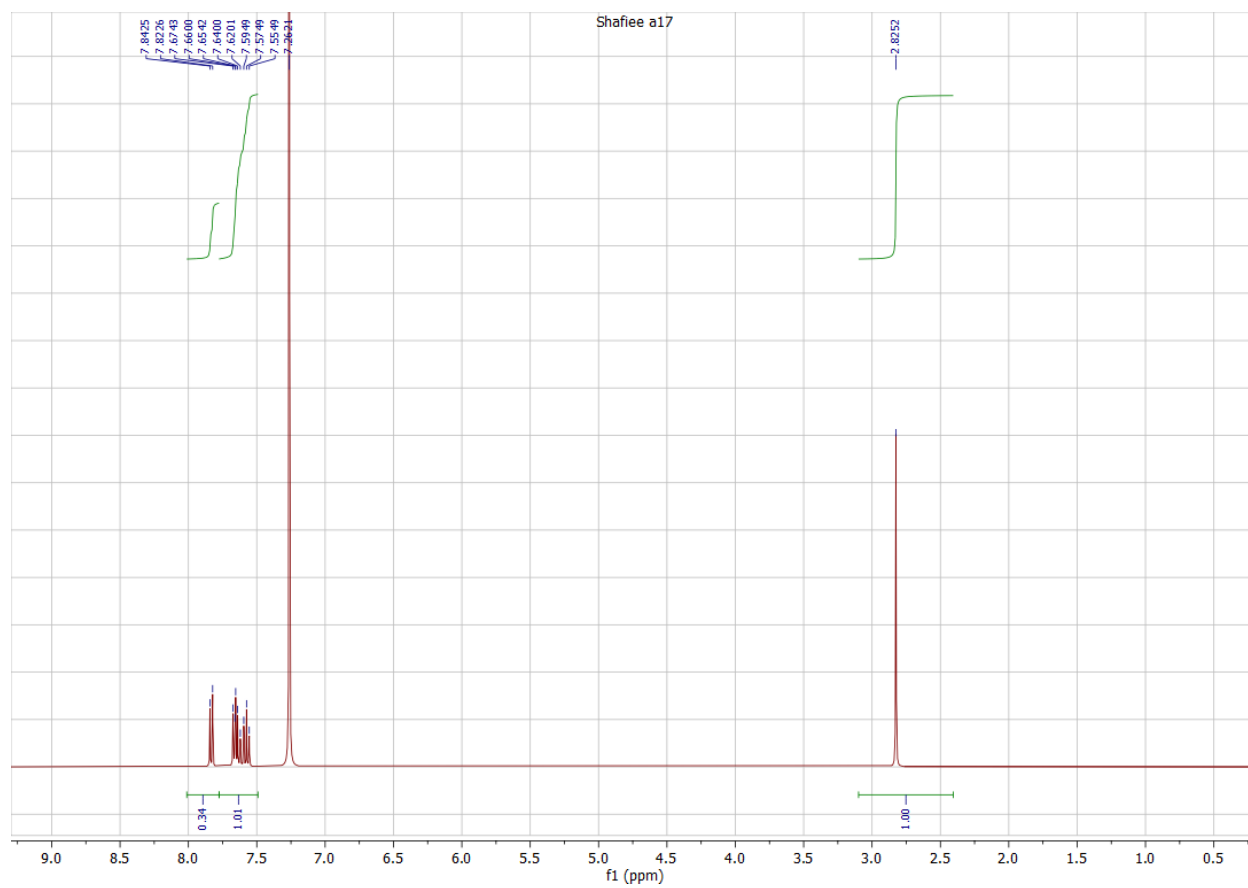


Figure S16: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (2-Chlorophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₁₆)

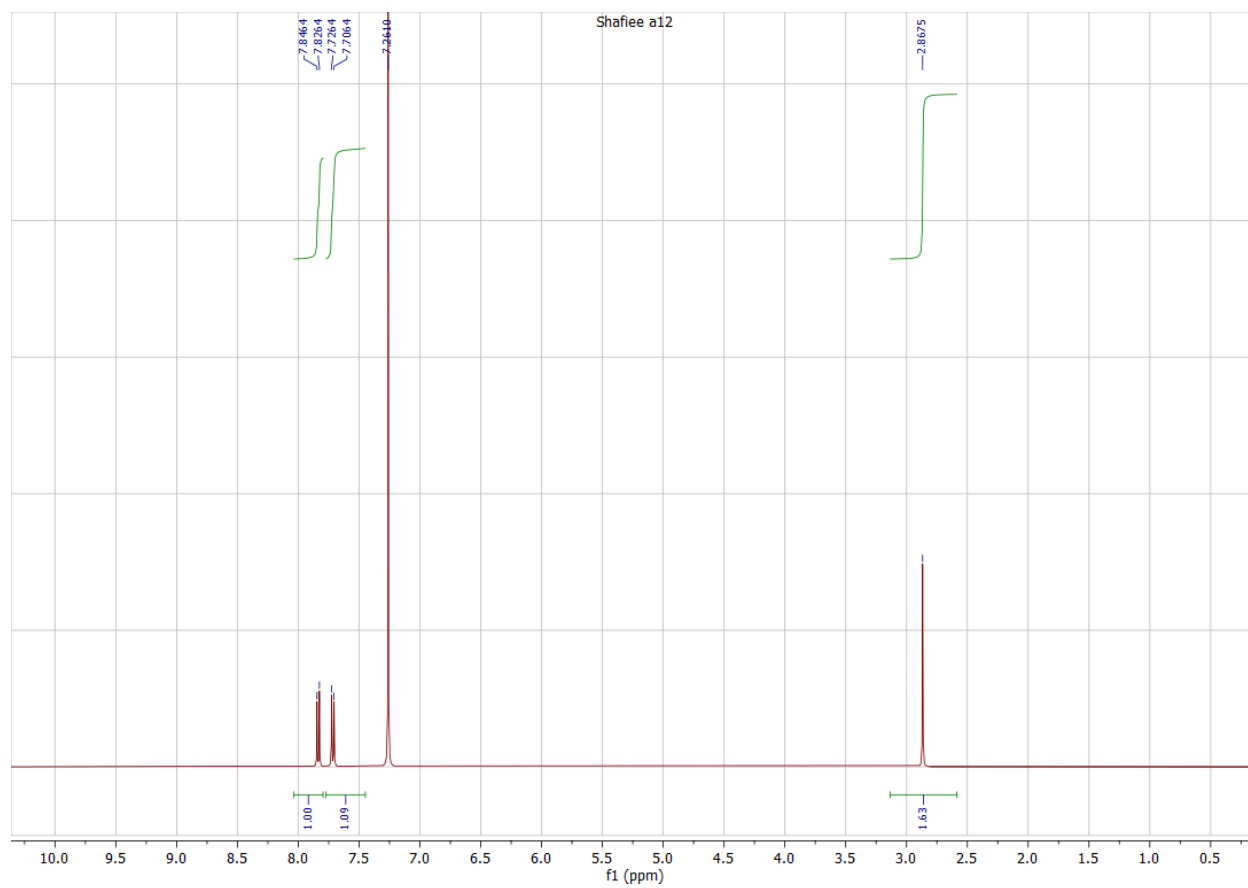


Figure S17: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (4-Bromophenyl)(methyl) sulfoxide (a₁₇)

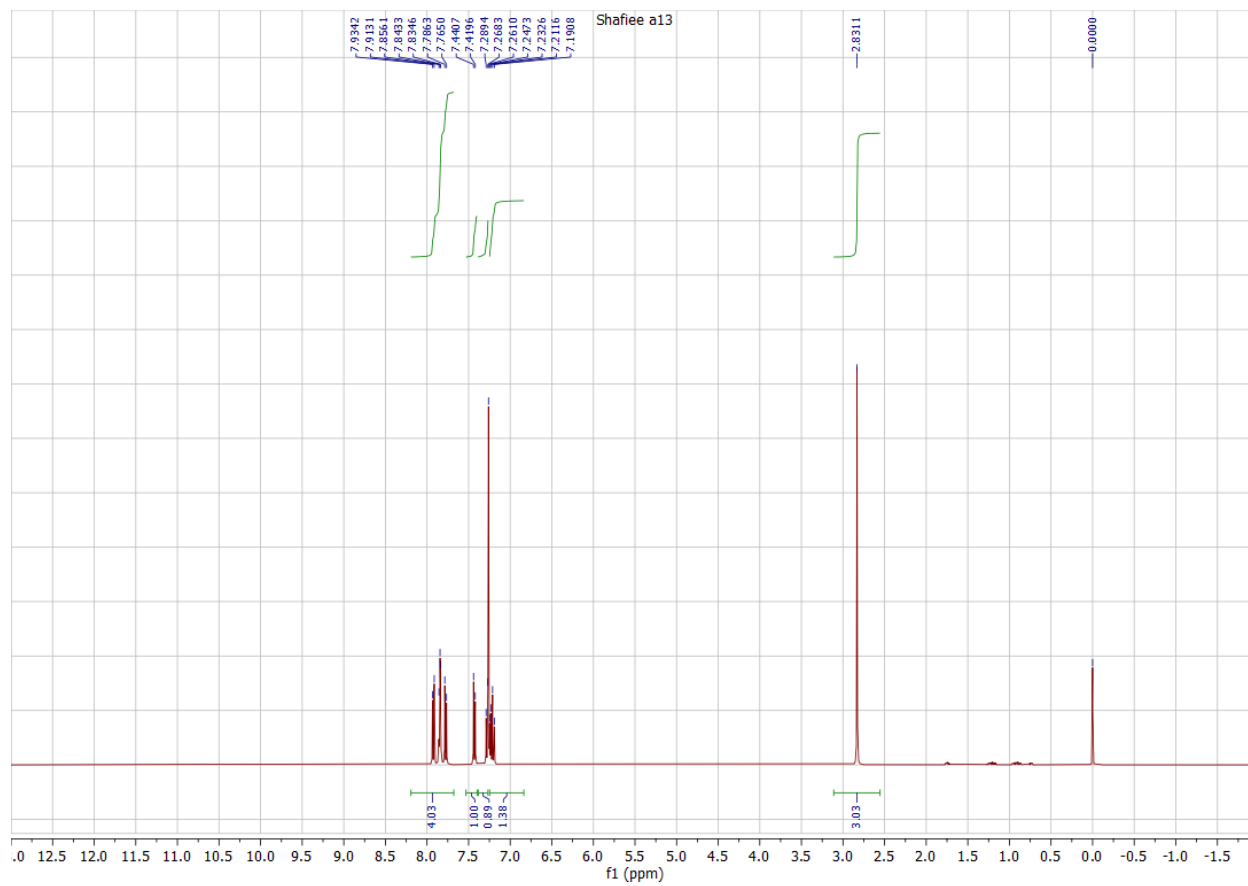


Figure S18: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of 2-(methylsulfinyl)naphthalene (a₁₈)

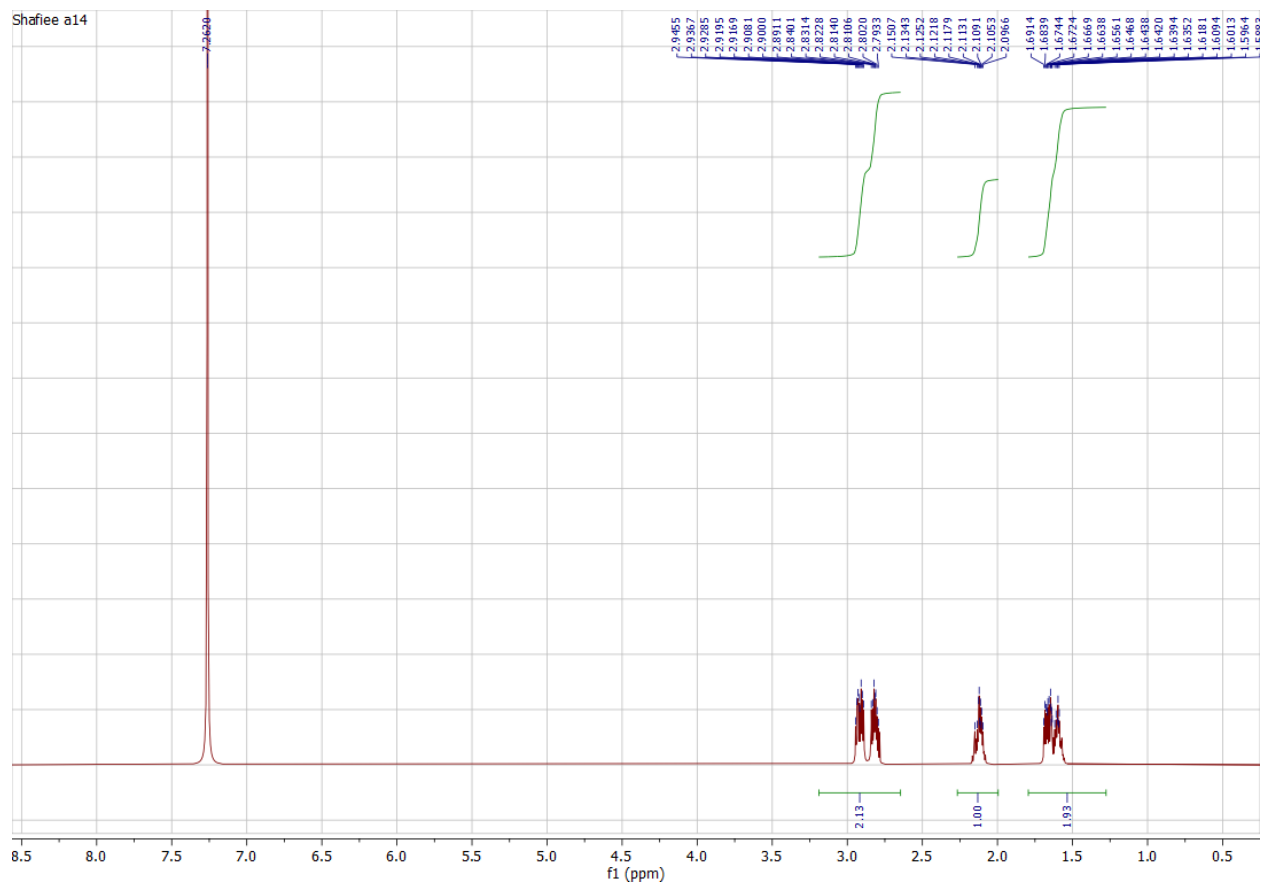


Figure S19: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of tetrahydro-2H-thiopyran 1-oxide (a₁₉)

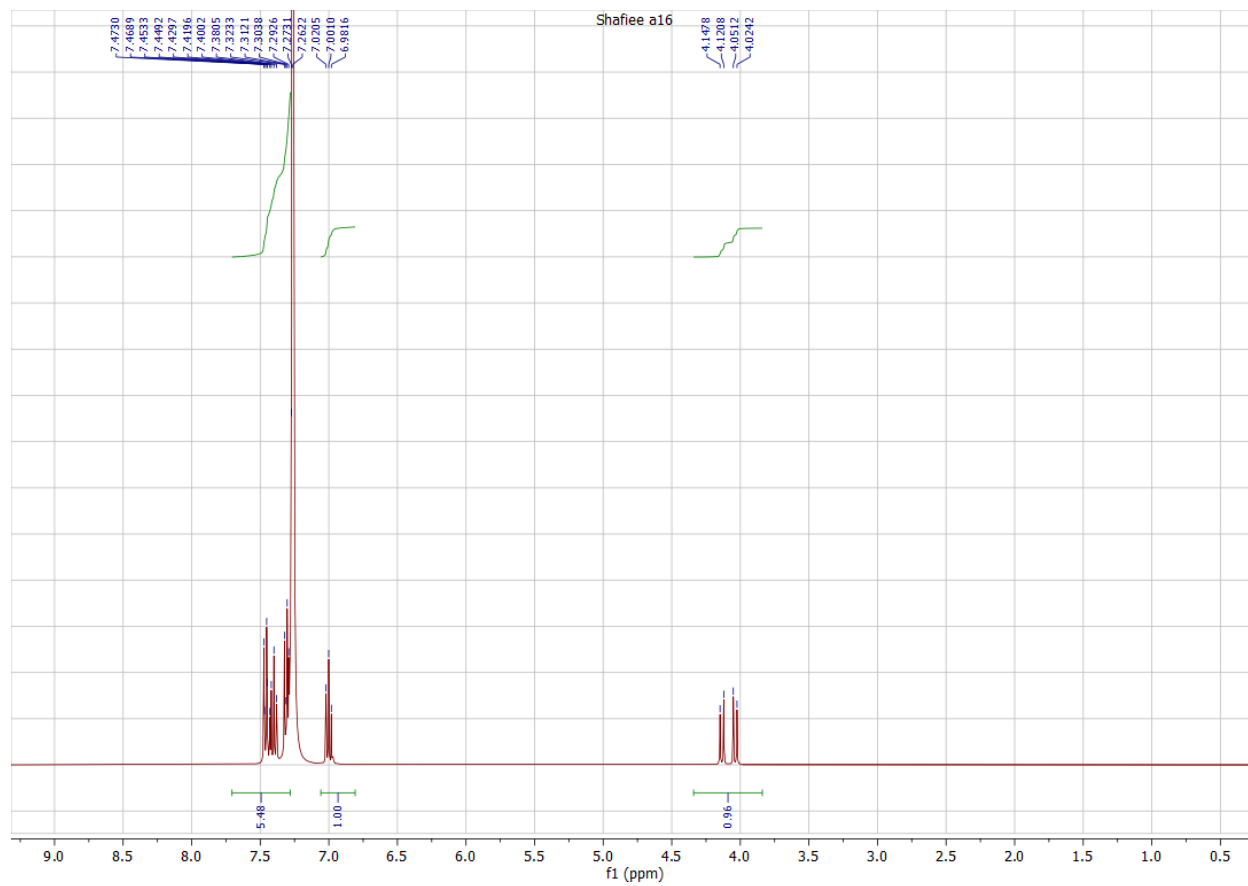


Figure S20: ¹H-NMR spectrum of (benzylsulfinyl)benzene (a₂₀)